



Mi Villa Alegre School

Junior High: 7th grade

WEEK 6

GRAMMAR- TERM IV

Dear Student, have a great week! Remember you are the brightest star!

We have **LIVE CLASSES** during the week and you can find the recordings here too. Watch the videos and follow all the instructions. If you have questions write to me englishteammva@gmail.com Miss Gloria Cifuentes

	Content	Activities	Resource(s)
MONDAY September 14th	Gerunds as Subjects and Objects	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> WARM UP: Word Quiz Gerunds as Subjects and Objects. Explanation and examples. Activity A: Read and Write true (T) or false (F), pages 382 and 383 Activity B: B2 and B3 Working on Gerunds as Subjects and Objects, page 386 	Notebook Book pages 382, 383, 384, 385, 386
WEDNESDAY September 16th	Gerunds after prepositions	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> WARM UP: Fast phrases Gerunds After Prepositions. Explanation and examples. Activity A: C1 Listening for Form, page 388 Activity B: C2 Working on Gerunds After Verb + Preposition, page 388 Activity C: C3 Working on Gerunds After Adjective + Preposition, page 388 	Notebook Book Pages 387, 388
THURSDAY September 17th	Gerunds Meaning and Use	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> WARM UP: 4 icons, 1 word Gerunds, Meaning and Use. Explanation and examples. Activity A: D1 Listening for Meaning and Use, page 390 Activity B: D4 Making Lists of Activities, page 392 	Notebook Book Pages 389, 390, 392
FRIDAY September 18th	As... As, Superlatives and Gerunds	→ Quiz 2	EDMODU

Estimados padres de familia, de lunes a miércoles tenemos nuestras **clases de inglés en vivo**. En la plataforma pueden encontrar las grabaciones de las clases de la semana y retroalimentar en casa lo aprendido. El alumno que no cuente con sus textos puede trabajar las actividades en su cuaderno. Gracias por su incondicional apoyo.



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A

GRAMMAR IN DISCOURSE

10 Easy Ways to Start Saving Money

A1 Before You Read

Discuss these questions.

Do you try to save money? How do you do it? Is it easy or difficult?

A2 Read



Read these tips to learn ten things that you can do to save money.

10 Easy Ways to Start Saving MONEY

Saving money is very difficult for many people. Here are some ways to make it easier.

1

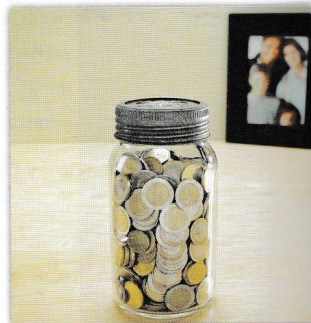
Before starting, write down your expenses. For one week, every time you spend money, write down how much money you spent and what you spent it on. This will help you save by showing you where your money goes.

2

Divide your expenses into two groups—the things that you need and the things that you want. Think about cutting some of your “wants.” These cuts will help you save money.

3

Make a monthly budget. A budget is a plan for spending the money you have. Include in your budget all your needs



and some of your wants. Each month stay within your budget. This is very important. Many people love making budgets but hate staying within them. Saving is a need, so include it in your budget. Save some money each month, and put this money in the bank; even small amounts of money add up.

4

Start taking your lunch to work or to school. How much do you save by not buying lunch? Each day put this money in a large jar.

5

Save all of your change. Instead of spending your coins, put them in the jar, too. You won't notice the difference, and by the end of the year you could have several hundred dollars. Each time your jar is full, put the money in the bank.

6

Make it difficult to spend money. Before going out, check your wallet. Don't take much money with you and leave your credit cards at home.

7

Don't go shopping when you don't need to buy anything. Do you find it hard to be in stores without buying things? If so, stay away from stores.

8

Wait a while before making a large purchase. Give yourself time to change your mind. If you wait 24 hours, you may decide not to make the purchase.

9

If you get unexpected money, don't spend it. Put any gifts of money in the bank. You didn't expect this money, so you won't miss it.

10

When you do have to buy something, use the Internet. Shopping on the Internet not only saves money, it saves time.

If you are tired of not having any money in the bank, try these ten easy ways to start saving money. You will be surprised at how quickly your situation will change.

Adapted from “Ten Easy Ways to Start Saving Money”

expenses: money spent for specific purposes

purchase: something bought

A3 After You Read

Write *T* for true and *F* for false for each statement.

- T 1. Writing down your expenses will help you save money.
2. Your wants are more important than your needs.
3. A budget is a plan for earning money.
4. You don't have to stay within your budget every month.
5. Saving works only with large amounts of money.
6. Taking your lunch to work is cheaper than buying lunch.
7. Always carry a lot of money so that you will be ready for an emergency.
8. Waiting to make large purchases is a good idea.

Monday 14th,
Activity B

B2 Working on Gerunds as Subjects

Complete these sentences with gerunds. Use the words in parentheses.

1. Finding a job (find/a job) isn't easy.
2. _____ (take/classes) can help improve job skills.
3. _____ (not/have/money) isn't much fun.
4. _____ (stay/within a budget) can be difficult.
5. _____ (not/carry/credit cards) is a way to spend less.
6. _____ (shop/on the Internet) saves time and money.
7. _____ (travel) costs less with student discounts.
8. _____ (save/a lot of money) takes time.

B3 Working on Gerunds as Objects

Complete each conversation with a verb + gerund. Use the words in parentheses.

1. A: You lost a lot of weight. How did you do it?
B: It was easy. I quit eating (quit/eat) sweets.
2. A: I thought you and Jim were moving to Portugal.
B: We often _____ (discuss/move), but I don't think we'll ever leave London.
3. A: That dinner was expensive. What happened to our new budget?
B: It's OK. We can _____ (start/budget) tomorrow.
4. A: We don't have much money in the bank right now.
B: Maybe we should _____ (consider/not/go) on vacation.
5. A: Do you like college?
B: I'm not sure yet. I _____ (miss/be) with my family.
6. A: I couldn't get tickets for the basketball game.
B: That's OK. It will be on TV. I _____ (like/watch) basketball on TV.

Wednesday 16th,
Activity A-B-C

C1 Listening for Form



CD2 T45 Listen and complete these sentences with the words you hear.

1. Are you interested in going to a movie tonight?
2. You should drink tea _____ coffee.
3. John is talking _____ his job.
4. I'm looking _____ Mr. Johnson's class.
5. I'm _____ TV.

C2 Working on Gerunds After Verb + Preposition

Match each sentence beginning on the left to its correct sentence ending on the right.

- | | |
|--------------------------------|----------------------------------------|
| <u>d</u> 1. Jorge is talking | a. of being in school. |
| _____ 2. I believe | b. at explaining things. |
| _____ 3. We're looking forward | c. in treating people fairly. |
| _____ 4. We're planning | d. about buying an apartment. |
| _____ 5. He's tired | e. on leaving early today. |
| _____ 6. She's good | f. to traveling to Europe next summer. |

C3 Working on Gerunds After Adjective + Preposition



Work in pairs. Take turns asking and answering these questions. Answer with adjective + preposition combinations and gerunds.

- | | |
|-----------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| 1. What are you afraid of doing? | 3. What are you interested in doing? |
| A: <i>What are you afraid of doing?</i> | 4. What are you tired of doing? |
| B: <i>I'm afraid of flying.</i> | 5. What are you fond of doing? |
| 2. What are you good at doing? | |

Thursday 17th,
 Activity A-B

D1 Listening for Meaning and Use

Notes 1A, 1C, 2

CD2 T46 Listen to each sentence. Is the speaker expressing a like or dislike, making a polite request, or explaining how to do something? Check (✓) the correct column.

	LIKE OR DISLIKE	POLITE REQUEST	HOW TO DO SOMETHING
1.	✓		
2.			
3.			
4.			
5.			

D4 Making Lists of Activities

Notes 1A, 1B

Complete these lists with gerunds.

Relaxing Activities

1. Reading a novel
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____

Stressful Activities

1. Taking an exam
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____

Healthy Activities

1. Swimming
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____

Not Allowed in Class

1. Texting
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____

Gerunds as Subjects and Objects

► Overview

AFFIRMATIVE GERUNDS		NEGATIVE GERUNDS	
GERUND		NOT + GERUND	
Exercising	is important.	Not exercising	is bad for you.
Budgeting carefully	is difficult.	Not budgeting carefully	is a mistake.
Budgeting your money		Not budgeting your money	

► Gerunds as Subjects and Objects

GERUNDS AS SUBJECTS			GERUNDS AS OBJECTS		
GERUND (SUBJECT)	THIRD-PERSON SINGULAR VERB		SUBJECT	VERB	GERUND (OBJECT)
Learning math	is	difficult.	I	enjoy	shopping.
Exercising	isn't	fun.	We	discussed	moving to Ohio.

Overview

- A gerund is the base form of a verb + *-ing*. It can be one word (*exercising*), or it can be part of a longer phrase with an adverb (*budgeting carefully*), a noun (*budgeting your money*), or a prepositional phrase (*moving to Ohio*).
- A gerund functions as a singular noun.
- All verbs except modal auxiliaries have gerund forms.
- See 20.4 for the spelling of verbs ending in *-ing*.

Gerunds as Subjects

- A gerund can function as the subject of a sentence. A subject gerund takes a third-person singular verb.

Listening is an important skill. **Learning math** takes time.

Gerunds as Objects

- A gerund can be the object of certain verbs. These verbs include:

avoid	discuss	finish	like	prefer
begin	dislike	go	love	quit
continue	enjoy	hate	miss	start
- See 20.5 for a list of verbs that can be followed by gerunds.

Gerunds After Prepositions

PREPOSITION + GERUND			VERB + PREPOSITION + GERUND		
	PREPOSITION	GERUND		VERB + PREPOSITION	GERUND
I'll call	before	leaving town.	We	worried about	losing.
We walked	instead of	driving.	I	believe in	telling the truth.

BE + ADJECTIVE + PREPOSITION + GERUND		
	BE + ADJECTIVE + PREPOSITION	GERUND
We	were tired of	studying hard.
He	was afraid of	losing his job.

Preposition + Gerund

- Gerunds can follow prepositions such as *about*, *for*, *in*, *instead of*, *of*, and *to*.

Verb + Preposition + Gerund

- Many verb + preposition combinations can be followed by gerunds. These include *approve of*, *believe in*, *disapprove of*, *plan on*, *think about*, and *worry about*.
- See 20.5 for a list of verb + preposition combinations that can be followed by gerunds.

Be + Adjective + Preposition + Gerund

- Many *be* + adjective + preposition combinations can be followed by a gerund. These include *be accustomed to*, *be used to*, *be afraid of*, *be fond of*, *be good at*, *be interested in*, *be surprised at*, and *be tired of*. See Appendix 13 for a list of more *be* + adjective + preposition phrases that are followed by gerunds.

Gerunds

Referring to Activities and States

- **1A** Use a gerund to refer to an activity or state.

Activity

Learning a foreign language is hard work.

State

I don't like being hungry.

- **1B** Use *go* + gerund to refer to common activities. *Go* can be used in any tense.

I went sightseeing when I was in Paris.

When you visit a national park, you can go hiking, camping, and fishing.

- **1C** Use verbs such as *like*, *dislike*, *hate*, and *enjoy* + gerund to talk about liking or disliking activities and states.

I hate eating alone.

In his spare time, John enjoys fixing old cars.

Do You Mind ... ?, I Don't Mind ... , and Would You Mind ... ?

- **2A** The verb *mind* means "dislike, feel bothered." *Mind* + gerund is usually used in questions and negative statements to express likes and dislikes.

Expressing Likes and Dislikes

A: Do you mind getting up early for work? (= Does getting up early bother you?)

B: No, I don't mind. I'm used to it. (= No, it doesn't bother me.)

I don't mind driving at night. (= Driving at night doesn't bother me.)

- **2B** Use the phrase *would you mind* + gerund to make polite requests. An answer of *no* means that the listener agrees to the request.

Making Polite Requests

A: Sorry to bother you, but would you mind closing that window?

B: No, not at all. (= OK. I'll close it.)

Other Common Uses

- **3A** Use *by* + gerund to explain how to do something.

Explaining How to Do Something

You can make better cookies by adding extra butter.

- **3B** Gerunds are often used in signs that permit or forbid an activity.

Signs

Taking photos is not allowed. Talking during the exam is strictly forbidden.